



1/2" RADIAFLEX® RLKW Cable, A-series

- RADIAFLEX® functions as a distributed antenna to provide communications in tunnels, mines and large building complexes and is the solution for any application in confined areas.
- Slots in the copper outer conductor allow a controlled portion of the internal RF energy to be radiated into the surrounding environment. Conversely, a signal transmitted near the cable will couple into the slots and be carried along the cable length.
- RADIAFLEX® is used for both one-way and two-way communication systems and because of its broadband capability, a single radiating cable can handle multiple communication systems simultaneously.
- This RADIAFLEX® radiating cable utilize a low-loss cellular polyethylene foam dielectric and a smooth copper outer conductor which offers a superior electrical performance together with good bending properties.

FEATURES / BENEFITS

- ➔ Wideband from 30 MHz to 1950 MHz
- ➔ For applications in tunnels and buildings
- ➔ Low coupling loss variations



RLK12-50JFNA

Technical Features

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Size	1/2"
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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Max. Operating Frequency	MHz	1950.0
Cable Type		RLKW
Impedance	Ohm	50 +/- 2
Velocity	%	88.0
Capacitance	pF/m (pF/ft)	76 (23.2)
Inductance	μH/m (μH/ft)	0.19 (0.058)
DC-resistance inner conductor	Ω/km (Ω/1000ft)	1.97 (0.6)
DC-resistance outer conductor	Ω/km (Ω/1000ft)	4.84 (1.48)
Stop bands	MHz	115-135, 235-255, 360-375, 475-505, 600-630, 720-750, 970-1075, 1340-1460, 1590-1700

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Jacket		CPR, EN50575:2017 classified cable
Jacket Description		Halogen free, non corrosive, flame and fire retardant, low smoke, polyolefin + flame barrier tape above outer conductor for lowest cable loss
Slot Design		Groups of vertical slots at short intervals
Inner Conductor Material		Copper Clad Aluminum Wire
Outer Conductor Material		Overlapping Copper Foil
Diameter Inner Conductor	mm (in)	4.4 (0.17)
Diameter Outer Conductor	mm (in)	11.4 (0.45)
Diameter over Jacket	mm (in)	14.7 (0.58)
Minimum Bending Radius	mm (in)	200 (7.9)
Cable Weight	kg/m (lb/ft)	0.23 (0.16)
Tensile Force	N (lb)	1300 (292)
Indication of Slot Alignment		Bulge atop slots
Recommended Clamp Spacing	m (ft)	0.5 (1.6)
Minimum Distance to Wall	mm (in)	80 (3.15)

TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

Storage Temperature	°C(°F)	-70 to 85 (-94 to 185)
Installation Temperature	°C(°F)	-15 to 60 (5 to 140)
Operation Temperature	°C(°F)	-40 to 85 (-40 to 185)



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ATTENUATION AND POWER RATING

Frequency MHz	Longitudinal loss dB/100m (dB/100ft)	Coupling Loss	
		50%, dB	95%, dB
75	2,17 (0,66)	45 (49)	56 (60)
150	3,10 (0,94)	58 (58)	64 (67)
450	5,74 (1,75)	58 (62)	62 (66)
800	7,89 (2,40)	61 (62)	63 (66)
870	8,33 (2,54)	59 (62)	66 (69)
900	8,63 (2,63)	59 (62)	66 (69)
960	8,92 (2,72)	59 (62)	66 (69)
1800	20,60 (6,28)	51 (54)	63 (66)
1900	21,62 (6,59)	50 (53)	62 (65)

TESTING AND ENVIRONMENTAL

Jacket Testing Methods

Test methods for fire behaviour of cable :
IEC 60754-1/-2 smoke emission: halogen free, non corrosive
IEC 61034 low smoke
IEC 60332-1 flame retardant
IEC 60332-3-24 fire retardant
UL1666, ASTM E 662, NES711 and NES713
CPR: EN50575:2017 class Cca s1 do a1

External Document Links

Web URL to CPR resources with DoP and CE-label download folders

Notes

- ➔ Coupling loss as well as longitudinal attenuation of RADIAFLEX® cables are measured by the free space method according to IEC 61196-4.
- ➔ Coupling loss values are measured with a radial or parallel (125-800 MHz) orientated dipole antenna.
- ➔ The coupling loss values given in brackets are average values of all three spatial orientations (radial, parallel and orthogonal) of dipole antenna.
- ➔ Coupling loss values are given with a tolerance of +5 dB and longitudinal loss values with a tolerance of +5%. Note: Measured values below nominal are better. They are not limited by any tolerance-range.
- ➔ In case of a conflict of operational and stop band, please contact RFS for further assistance.
- ➔ As with any radiating cable, the performance in building or tunnel environments may deviate from figures based on free space method.