

Dual-frequency Mobile Antenna for the 160 and 450 MHz Bands

DESCRIPTION

Field-tunable dual-frequency antenna which makes it possible to:

- operate 160 and 450 MHz transceivers alternately on the same antenna
- operate two transceivers (160 and 450 MHz) at the same time on one antenna using a diplexer (type DIPX 225/330 – must be ordered separately).

- > Only a single hole has to be drilled instead of two.
- > Car appearance is not destroyed by an “antenna farm”.
- > Ideal for covert services.
- > Provided with FME-connection (supplied without cable).
- > Bendable section in mount for adjustment of whip (tiltable 15by hand).
- > Installation with access from the outside only (requiring an 18 mm dia. hole).



ORDERING

Type	Product No.
MHU 3-LX	130000769

SPECIFICATIONS

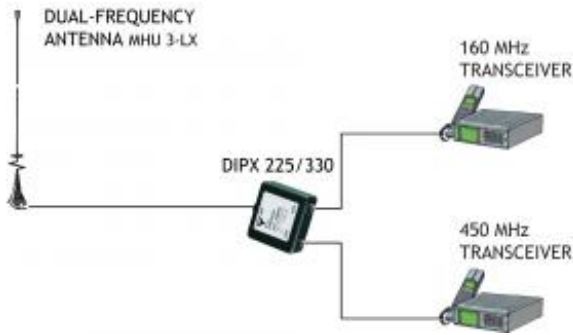
Electrical	
Model	MHU 3-LX
Frequency	160 MHz frequency within: 140-170 MHz 450 MHz frequency within: 400-480 MHz
Antenna Type	Dual-frequency mobile antenna
Max. Input Power	100 W
Polarisation	Vertical
Impedance	50 Ω
Bandwidth	160 MHz: 4 MHz @ SWR = 2.0 450 MHz: 24 MHz @ SWR = 2.0
Gain (EIA RS-329-1)	0 - 3 dB
Mechanical	
Materials	Whip:Black-chromed stainless steel Black-chromed brass Mount: Stainless steel Cu-nite brass Weather- and shockproof plastics
Installation Torque	3.5 +/- 1 Nm max.
Colour	Black
Height	550 mm / 21.65 in.
Weight	0.1 kg / 0.22 lb
Mounting	18 mm dia. hole

ADDITIONAL DATA

OPERATION USING A DIPLEXER

In case of operating two transceivers on one antenna at the same time, a diplexer, type DIPX 225/330 is necessary to complete the system. The tasks of the diplexer are to protect the two receiver inputs from being destroyed by the transmitter in the contrary band, and to ensure a low-loss path between the transceiver and the antenna, which is not loaded by the other branch. For further details please see the separate data sheet on the DIPX 225/330. The diplexer fully covers both bands and, consequently, tuning to specific frequencies is not required.

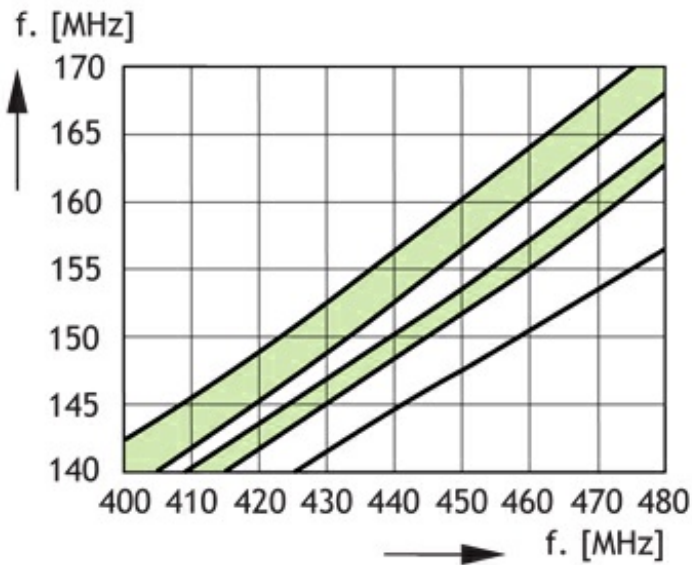
COUPLING DIAGRAM



PLEASE NOTE

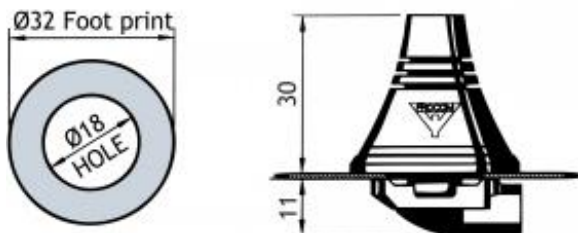
With this type of combination antenna only certain frequencies from the segments 140 - 170 MHz and 400 - 480 MHz can be covered at the same time. The combination area corresponding to "allowable" frequency pairs is shown in the diagrams below. However, taking into account the inherent bandwidth of the antenna the combination area may be increased significantly. The antenna can also be delivered factory tuned. Please consult our price list concerning additional charges for adjustment by cutting.

TYPICAL RESPONSE CURVE

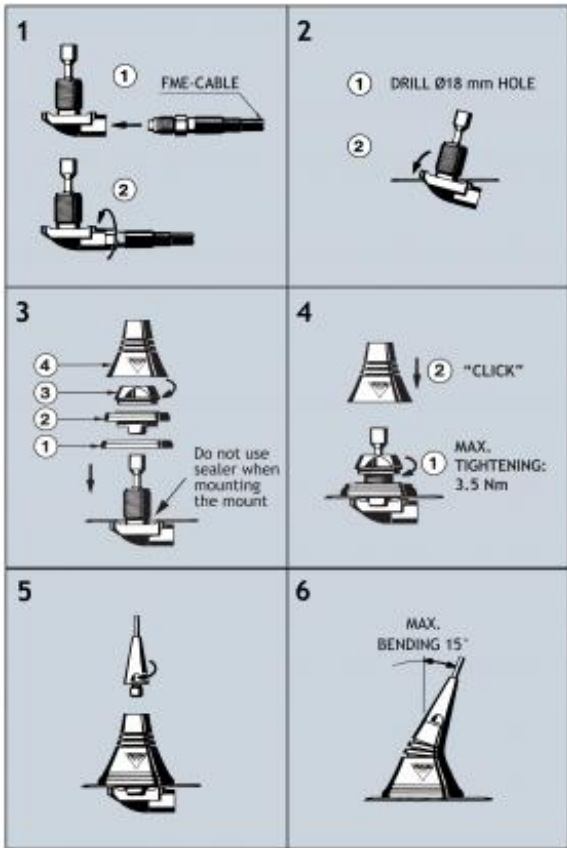


1. INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS

LX-MOUNT



2. INSTALLATION STEPS



Do not use sealer on rubber gasket or other places.

PLEASE NOTE:

When tightening the revolving nut (see picture 4), special care must be taken to keep the spanner in the correct position.

TUNING INFORMATION

The MHU 3-LX cannot be tuned to any pair of frequencies in the two bands. Further, the antenna must be equipped with a different kind of adjustment disc depending on the frequency pair in question. The antenna can be used without adjustment disc, with a small adjustment disc or with a large adjustment disc. All adjustment disc types are supplied with the antenna.

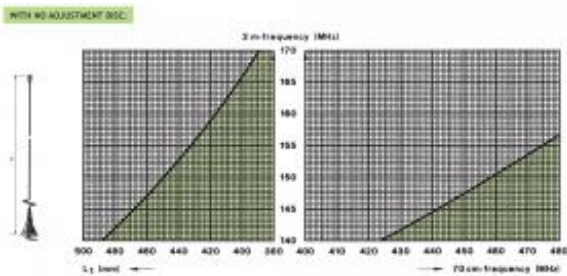
Use the diagrams below as follows:

1. Draw a horizontal line through the point on the vertical axis which corresponds to the 2 m-frequency in question.
2. The drawn horizontal line intersects the shaded area over a certain band of 70 cm-frequencies. If the 70 cm-frequency to be covered is not included in the shaded area, try another diagram (another adjustment disc type).

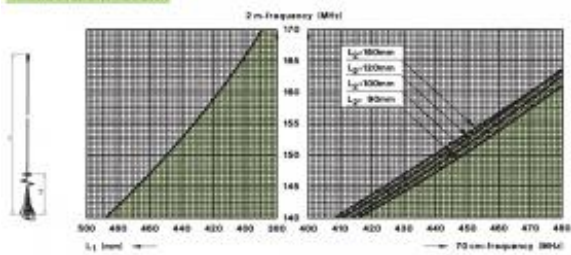
If the 70 cm-frequency is not covered in any of the diagrams, coverage of the frequency pair in question is not possible using this type of antenna. Please note, however, that taking into account the inherent bandwidth of the antenna (± 2 MHz in the 2 m-band and ± 12 MHz in the 70 cm-band) the combination area may be increased considerably.

For the relevant diagram:

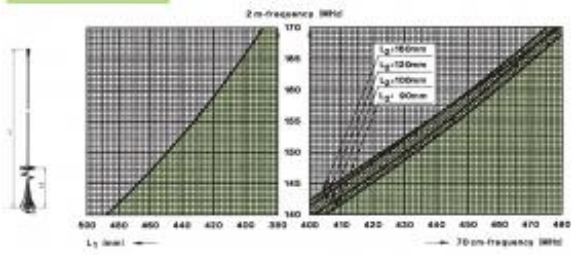
3. Read the total length L1 on the left horizontal axis and cut the whip to this length.
4. Locate the 70 cm-frequency in question on the right horizontal axis and read the corresponding length L2 from the curves in the shaded area.



WITH THE SMALL ADJUSTMENT DSG



WITH THE LARGE ADJUSTMENT DSG



Use an SWR-meter to fine-tune the settings

